



28.2.2017

MAAHANMUUTTOVIRASTO

MIGRATIONSVERKET

FINNISH IMMIGRATION SERVICE

INTERNETISTÄ LÖYTYVIÄ JULKAISUJA:

Jos linkit eivät aukea, nettiosoite kannattaa kopioida selaimen osoitekenttään tai syöttää nimeke hakuohjelmaan.

Monthly data collection on the migration situation in the EU : February 2017 Highlights

FRA, Feb. 2017, 16 pp.

1–31 January 2017

Highlights, 19 pp.

http://fra.europa.eu/sites/default/files/fra_uploads/fra-february-2017-monthly-migration-report-highlights_en.pdf

Current migration situation in the EU: Torture, trauma and its possible impact on drug use

FRA, Feb. 2017, 24 pp.

This report looks at the prevalence of torture and trauma among arrivals, as well as its impact in terms of drug use. It also discusses the support available to victims.

http://fra.europa.eu/sites/default/files/fra_uploads/fra-february-2017-monthly-migration-report-focus-torture-trauma_en.pdf

Amnesty International Annual Report 2016/17

Amnesty International, 2017, 409 pp.

Documenting the state of human rights in 159 countries during 2016

<https://www.amnesty.org/download/Documents/POL1048002017ENGLISH.PDF>

Maahanmuuton tilannekatsaus 1/2017

Sisäministeriö, helmikuu 2017, 30 s. (Sisäministeriön julkaisu 4/2017)

Maahanmuuttokeskustelua viime vuodet hallinnut turvapaikanhakijatilanne on edelleen ajankohtainen kysymys Suomessa ja Euroopassa. Vaikka tulijoiden määrä on muun muassa Euroopan unionin sisäraajatarkastusten myötä vähentynyt, ei tilanteen voida sanoa laantuneen. Kriisin taustalla vaikuttavat syyt, kuten sodat ja konfliktit eivät ole poistuneet. Turvapaikanhakijamäärien mahdolliseen kasvuun vaikuttavat myös EU:ssa tehdyt ratkaisut, kuten EU:n ja Turkin välisen sopimuksen pitävyys.

<https://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/79281/Maahanmuuton%20tilannekatsaus%202017.pdf?sequence=3>



Väkivaltaisen ekstremismin tilannekatsaus 1/2017

Sisäministeriö, helmikuu 2017, 30 s. (Sisäministeriön julkaisu 3/2017)

Tilannekatsauksen tavoitteena on antaa tietoa Suomessa toimivista väkivaltaisista ääriliikkeistä ja muista sellaisista aatteellisista liikkeistä, joihin kansainvälisen kokemuksen, toiminnan luonteen tai viranomaisten havaintojen perusteella liittyy väkivaltan käytön riski.

https://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/79235/03%202017_Vakivaltaisen%20ekstremismin%20tk%201_2017.pdf?sequence=1

The World's Stateless : Children

Institute on Statelessness and Inclusion, January 2017, 562 pp.

The report reveals that there are over six million stateless children in all regions and most countries of the world today. Every 10 minutes, a child is born without nationality somewhere in the world.

<http://children.worldsstateless.org/assets/files/worlds-stateless-full-report.pdf>

“Except God, We Have No One”: Lack of Durable Solutions for Non-Syrian Refugees in Turkey

Refugees International (RI), Feb. 2017, 20 pp.

Based on field research conducted in a number of Turkish cities in December 2016, the report describes the difficulties non-Syrian refugees face in supporting themselves financially, finding adequate housing options as well as restrictions on their movement under Turkey's "satellite city" asylum system. Given that government actors and humanitarian organizations focus primarily on Syrian refugees, refugees and asylum-seekers of other nationalities experience discrimination and neglect and feel invisible in Turkish society and to the wider international community. Many face particular vulnerabilities, including LGBT people, single women and single parents, survivors of sexual or gender-based violence, religious minorities, and refugees from African countries.

<https://static1.squarespace.com/static/506c8ea1e4b01d9450dd53f5/l/589a48eeff7c503ff12c71a7/1486506244303/2016.2.8Turkey.pdf>

Report of OHCHR mission to Bangladesh : Interviews with Rohingyas fleeing from Myanmar since 9 October 2016. Flash Report.

OHCHR, Feb. 2017, 43 pp.

<http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Countries/MM/FlashReport3Feb2017.pdf>

Country Policy and Information Note, Afghanistan: Hindus and Sikhs



UK Home Office, 9 February 2017, 38 pp.

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/590778/AFG - Sikhs and Hindus - CPIN - v3_1 February 2017 .pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/590778/AFG_-_Sikhs_and_Hindus_-_CPIN_-_v3_1_February_2017_.pdf)

Country Policy and Information Note, Liberia: Sexual orientation and gender identity

UK Home Office, 10 February 2017, 21 pp.

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/591058/Liberia - SOGI - CPIN - v2_0 February 2017 .pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/591058/Liberia_-_SOGI_-_CPIN_-_v2_0_February_2017_.pdf)

Country Policy and Information Note, Zimbabwe: Women fearing gender-based harm or violence

UK Home Office, 14 February 2017, 27 pp.

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/591667/Zimbabwe - Women and gender-based violence - CPIN - v2_0.pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/591667/Zimbabwe_-_Women_and_gender-based_violence_-_CPIN_-_v2_0.pdf)

Country Policy and Information Note, Zimbabwe: Prison conditions

UK Home Office, 14 February 2017, 25 pp.

[https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/590858/Zimbabwe - Prison Conditions - CPIN - v2_0 February 2017 .pdf](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/590858/Zimbabwe_-_Prison_Conditions_-_CPIN_-_v2_0_February_2017_.pdf)

Syria: Human slaughterhouse: Mass hangings and extermination at Saydnaya Prison, Syria

Amnesty International, Feb. 2017, 48 pp.

At Saydnaya Military Prison, the Syrian authorities have quietly and methodically organized the killing of thousands of people in their custody. Amnesty International's research shows that the murder, torture, enforced disappearance and extermination carried out at Saydnaya since 2011 have been perpetrated as part of an attack against the civilian population that has been widespread, as well as systematic, and carried out in furtherance of state policy.

<https://www.amnesty.org/download/Documents/MDE2454152017ENGLISH.PDF>

War by Suicide: A Statistical Analysis of the Islamic State's Martyrdom Industry

The International Centre for Counter-Terrorism – The Hague (ICCT), Feb. 2017, 34 pp.

This Research Paper explores the so-called Islamic State's use of suicide tactics over the course of 12 months – from 1 December 2015 to 30 November 2016. It us-



es an exhaustive sample of the group's suicide operation reports as a window into the tactical and strategic underpinnings of its martyrdom industry.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/ICCT-Winter-War-by-Suicide-Feb2017.pdf>

Public Opinion Survey Data to Measure Sympathy and Support for Islamist Terrorism: A Look at Muslim Opinions on Al Qaeda and IS

The International Centre for Counter-Terrorism – The Hague (ICCT), Feb. 2017, 34 pp.

This Research Paper seeks to explore what 'sympathy' and 'support' actually mean when it comes to terrorism. The text addresses some of the problems of public opinion surveys, includes a conceptual discussion and then continues with the presentation of data from public opinion surveys.

<https://icct.nl/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/ICCT-Schmid-Muslim-Opinion-Polls-Jan2017-1.pdf>

Pakistan Coercion, UN Complicity : The Mass Forced Return of Afghan Refugees

HRW, Feb. 2017, 86 pp.

The report documents Pakistan's abuses and the role of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in promoting the exodus. Through enhancing its "voluntary repatriation" program and failing to publicly call for an end to coercive practices, the UN agency has become complicit in Pakistan's mass refugee abuse. The UN and international donors should press Pakistan to end the abuses, protect the remaining 1.1 million Afghan refugees in Pakistan, and allow refugees among the other estimated 750,000 unregistered Afghans there to seek protection, Human Rights Watch said.

https://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/report_pdf/pakistan0217_web.pdf

"I Had a Dream to Finish School" : Barriers to Secondary Education in Tanzania

HRW, Feb. 2017, 131 pp.

The report examines obstacles, including some rooted in outmoded government policies, that prevent more than 1.5 million adolescents from attending secondary school and cause many students to drop out because of poor quality education. The problems include a lack of secondary schools in rural areas, an exam that limits access to secondary school, and a discriminatory government policy to expel pregnant or married girls.

https://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/accessible_document/tanzania0217_-_accessible.pdf



“When Will I Get to Go Home?” : Abuses and Discrimination against Children in Institutions and Lack of Access to Quality Inclusive Education in Armenia

HRW, Feb. 2017, 125 pp.

The report documents how thousands of children in Armenia live in orphanages, residential special schools for children with disabilities, and other institutions. They often live there for years, separated from their families. More than 90 percent of children in residential institutions in Armenia have at least one living parent. Human Rights Watch also found that the Armenian government is not doing enough to ensure quality, inclusive education for all children. Inclusive education involves children with disabilities studying in their community schools with reasonable support for academic and other achievement.

https://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/report_pdf/armenia0217_web_1.pdf

Pushed Back at the Door: Denial of Access to Asylum in Eastern EU Member States

Hungarian Helsinki Committee, 2017, 24 pp.

Five human rights NGOs show that access to protection is increasingly limited in Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland and Slovenia. The NGOs urge European governments to find the right balance between protecting borders and providing access to protection to those in need of it.

http://www.helsinki.hu/wp-content/uploads/pushed_back.pdf?utm_source=ECRE+Newsletters&utm_campaign=e46aac3c44-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2017_02_03&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_3ec9497afd-e46aac3c44-420541941

A house divided : Political relations and coalition-building between Iraq’s Shi’a

Clingendael Institute, Feb. 2017, 76 pp.

This online report analyses relation- and coalition-building between Iraq’s main Shi’a political groups from 1991 to 2016. It focuses on the Islamic Da’wa Party, the Sadrist Trend, the Islamic Supreme Council of Iraq (ISCI) and Iraq’s various irregular forces. It is visualised in the form of short timeline.

https://www.clingendael.nl/sites/default/files/a_house_divided.pdf

Turning the tide : The politics of irregular migration in the Sahel and Libya

Clingendael Institute, Feb. 2017, 80 pp.

This report analyses the relationship between irregular migration and conflict and stability in Mali, Niger and Libya. Studying the human smuggling networks that operate within and across these three countries provides insights into the transnational dynamics of irregular migration as well as these networks’ interaction with local, national and regional political and economic dynamics. The report’s main finding is that current EU policies are misaligned with the reality of trans-Saharan migration as they do not take into account the diversity of intra-African migration. In addition, human smuggling networks form part of larger political economies and cannot be ad-



dressed effectively without taking into account the extent to which state authorities are involved in and/or capable of controlling irregular migration.

https://www.clingendael.nl/sites/default/files/turning_the_tide.pdf

At the gate : Civil and military protection of Europe's borders

Clingendael Institute, Feb. 2017, 10 pp.

The migratory pressures on Europe's borders present the EU with an enormous challenge to get its act together. While the objectives and mandates of internal and external security actors increasingly overlap, these actors often still live in separated worlds. This Policy Brief analyses how the EU's border security can be strengthened through a more joined-up approach between internal and external security actors. Furthermore, it looks into how civil-military connectivity in border security can be changed from the existing ad hoc nature to more structural cooperation.

https://www.clingendael.nl/sites/default/files/PB_At_%20the_%20gate.pdf

Firing up Regional Brain Networks: The Promise of Brain Circulation in the ASEAN Economic Community

Migration Policy Institute (MPI), Feb. 2017, 69 pp.

The report examines the current state of knowledge regarding skilled mobility and the impact of labor force, demographic, economic and social change on mobility of skilled workers (referred to as brain circulation in the report); and explores the challenges imposed by brain drain and brain waste.

<http://www.migrationpolicy.org/sites/default/files/publications/ADB-MPI-BrainNetworks-FINAL.pdf>

ATLAS on the Middle East & North Africa

The Austrian Ministries of Interior and Defence, 2017, 49 pp.

The publication contains topographic and thematic maps of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA). For each of the five regions (Middle East 1, Middle East 2, Arabian Peninsula, North Africa 1, North Africa 2) maps of topography, ethnic and linguistic groups, religious and sectarian groups as well as oil and gas fields are shown.

http://www.ecoi.net/atlas_mena.pdf

Forced Migration Review 54 – focus on Resettlement

Refugee Studies Centre, Feb. 2017, 100 pp.



Resettlement is receiving greater prominence not only in light of US President Donald Trump's recent actions but in the context of the recent surge in numbers of refugees. In the 33 feature theme articles in this latest FMR, authors from around the world look at some of the modalities and challenges of resettlement in order to shed light on debates such as how – and how well – resettlement is managed, whether it is a good use of the funds and energy it uses, and whether it is a good solution for refugees.

This FMR also contains a mini-feature (with four articles) on Post-deportation risks and monitoring plus four articles on other forced migration topics: climate displacement in Bangladesh, asylum seekers' consumption patterns, refugee and migrant children in Europe, and statelessness in Switzerland.

www.fmreview.org/resettlement

"Hyvinvointia rakentamassa: Suomen ja Virtasten vuosisata"

Kotona Suomessa -hanke, 2017

Opetusvideo kertoo Suomen historiasta ja suomalaisen yhteiskunnan kehityksestä 1900-luvun alusta nykypäivään.

Aihetta lähestytään videossa kuvitteellisen Virtasen suvun vaiheiden kautta. Video on toteutettu selkosuomeksi sekä seitsemällä muulla kielellä, jotka ovat: arabia, englanti, farsi, kurdi (sorani), somali, thai ja venäjä.

<http://www.suomenvuosisata.fi/>